

Pratyek-buddha is a unique Jain term. It means—that pure and sagacious soul which when inspired by some particular incident acquires spiritual consciousness, becomes free of passions like lust, anger, greed, and conceit and indulges in spiritual endeavour. There have been many such inspired souls in the past and many more are yet to come. However, in the Jain literature there are four famous stories about such inspired individuals. These stories are interesting as well as inspiring.

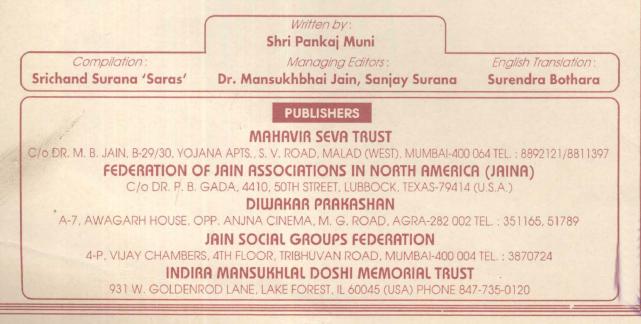
The hero of this story is Karkandu the mighty king of Kalinga state. He was the son of King Dadhivahan of Champa. His mother was Queen Padmavati. However, circumstances forced him to be brought up by the family of Matang, a chandal or the caretaker of the cremation ground. Due to his inborn hereditary virtues Karkandu became a great ruler. He was instrumental in bringing about a revolutionary change in the that day society by turning the chandal clans into Brahmins by educating them. The incident is relevant even today because it gives the ideal message that social uplift can be effected by infusing values and virtues, and not just by being converted into a religious order or a clan.

The whole life of Karkandu is the pronouncement of courageously accepting good conduct as the way of life and fearlessly following it. To recognize the ephemeral nature of human life just by looking at a groggy bull is a sign of the piety of his attitude.

According to the historians Karkandu was a contemporary of Bhagavan Mahavir. However, the fact that he became a pratyek-buddha before Bhagavan Mahavir became a Tirthankar connects him with Bhagavan Parshvanath's order also.

This script was written by Shri Pankaj Muni the disciple Up-pravartak Shri Amar Muni ji M. who is a disciple of U. B. Pravartak Bhandari Shri Padmachandra ji M. of Shraman Sangh.

- Shrichand Surana 'Saras'



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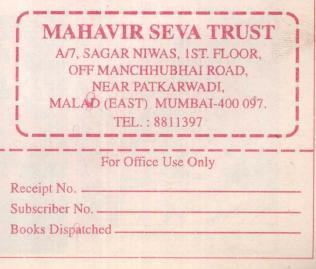
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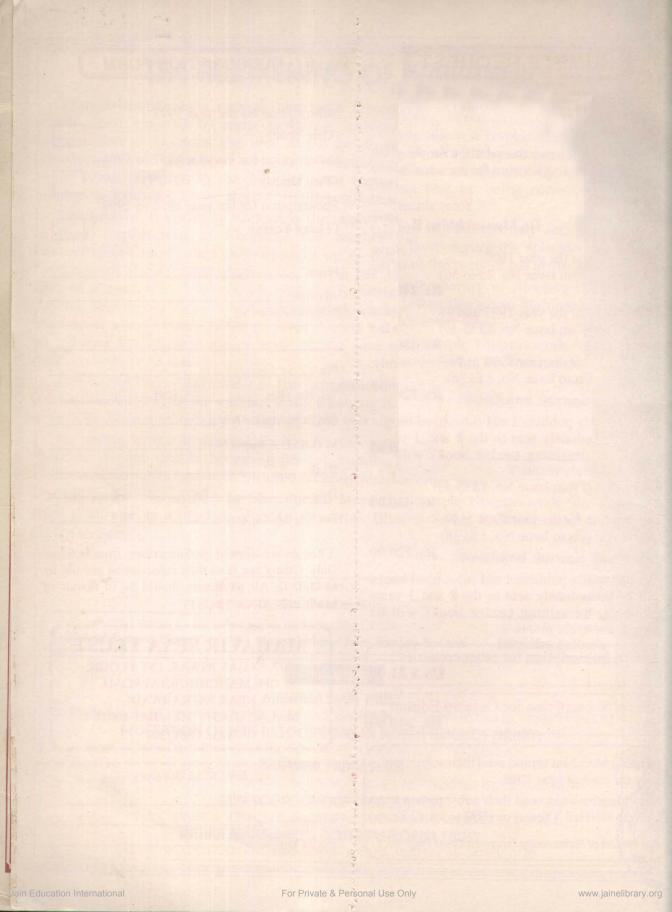
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What is the matter, darling! During this monsoon season everything in nature blossoms but you are turning pale like a wilting champak vine

King Dadhivahan was the ruler of Champa city. His queen, Padmavati was the daughter of Chetak the chief of Vaishali republic. She was pregnant. One day when the King entered her room he found her worried. He asked-

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Sire! For

sometime I am

having a strange

nagging desire. But....

No. sire! Some desires are so But what? darling! strange that one is ashamed Do you have a doubt that I will even to express them. be unable to fulfill your 000

d.

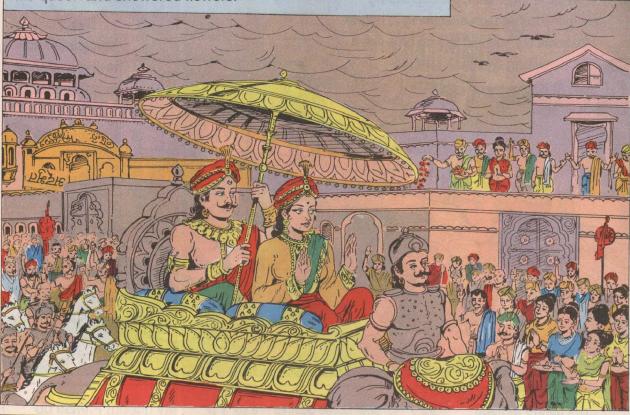
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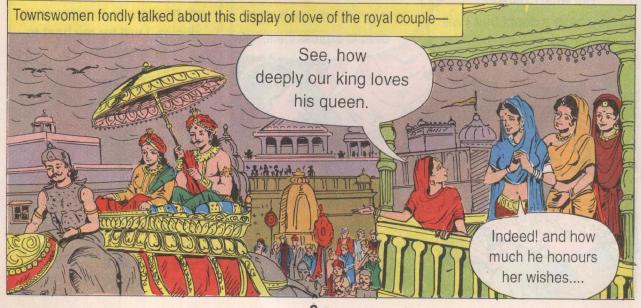
My queen! Please do not hesitate to express your desire. I will try my best to fulfill you desire.

The queen conveyed her desire to the king.

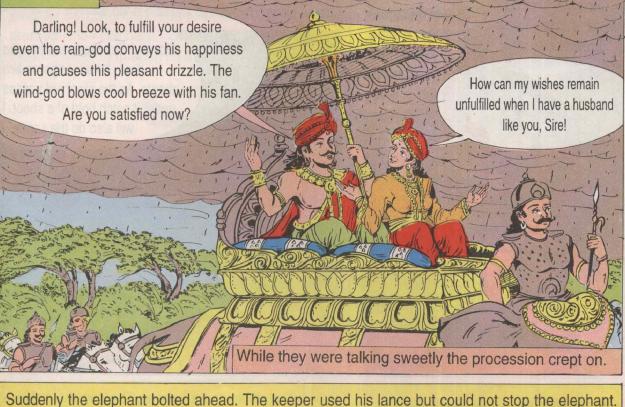
desire?

Next morning the king made necessary arrangements. The queen dressed herself as the king and also put on his crown and sword. She sat on the elephant with all the dignity of a king. At her back sat the king with the royal umbrella in his hand. Hundreds of soldiers followed the queen's elephant. Surprised at her strange attire thousands of citizens greeted the queen and showered flowers.

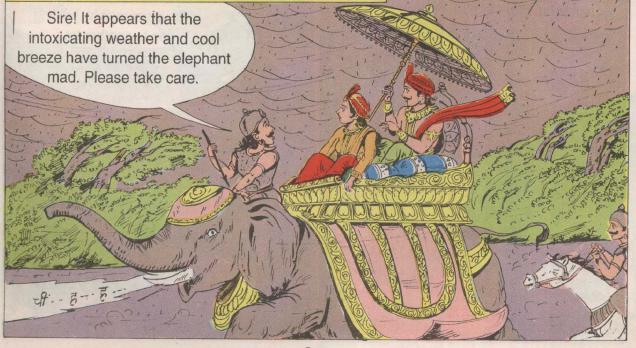




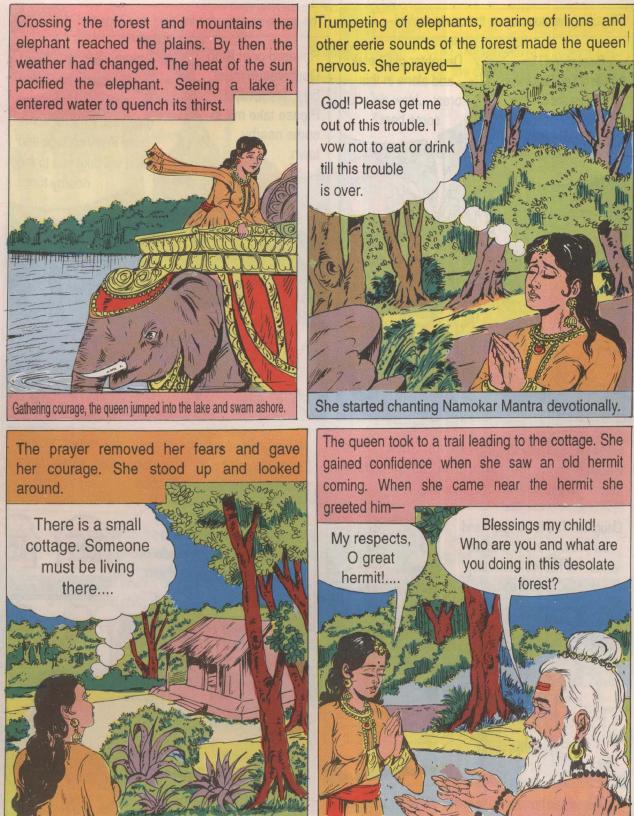
Accepting the greetings the queen proceeded towards a garden outside the city. Suddenly it started drizzling. The king said



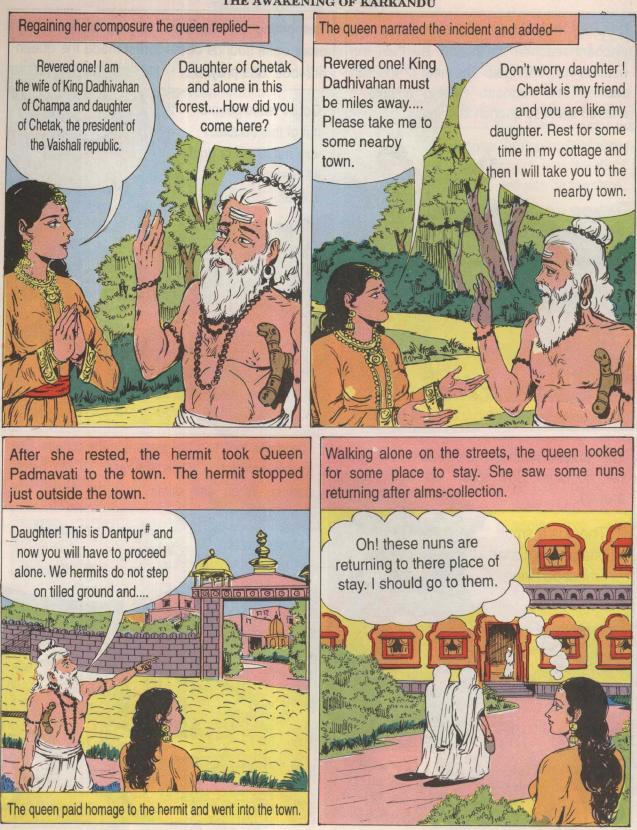
Suddenly the elephant bolted ahead. The keeper used his lance but could not stop the elephant. It continued to run like mad. The keeper shouted in panic







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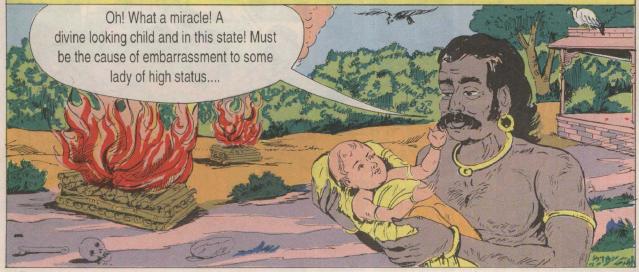
An important town in Kalinga state of that period.



Resolving thus the queen entered the Upashraya. She approached the head of the nuns and after bowing her she introduced herself and narrated her story. The head consoled her and said, "Sister! this is the play of karmas. Sorrow follows happiness and pain follows pleasure. The cycle of fate moves like the wheel of a chariot." The queen said, "Bhagavati! Please show me the path of liberation." The head said, "Religion is the boat that can help man cross this ocean of sorrows." The queen, "Bhagavati! I want to renounce this mundane life and get initiated. Please give me diksha[#]. I want to become a shramani (Jain female ascetic) and make my life purposeful with the help of austerities and meditation."

Assured of the detachment of the queen, the head Shramani gave her diksha. Queen Padmavati now became Shramani Padmavati. At the proper time she told her preceptor about her pregnancy with all innocence. The head Shramani secretly sent her to the house of a devoted Shravak (Jain layman). She gave birth to a son. Padmavati put the ring bearing the mark of King Dadhivahan on the finger of the infant, wrapped him in a blanket and put him under a tree near the cremation ground. After this she returned to the Upashraya.

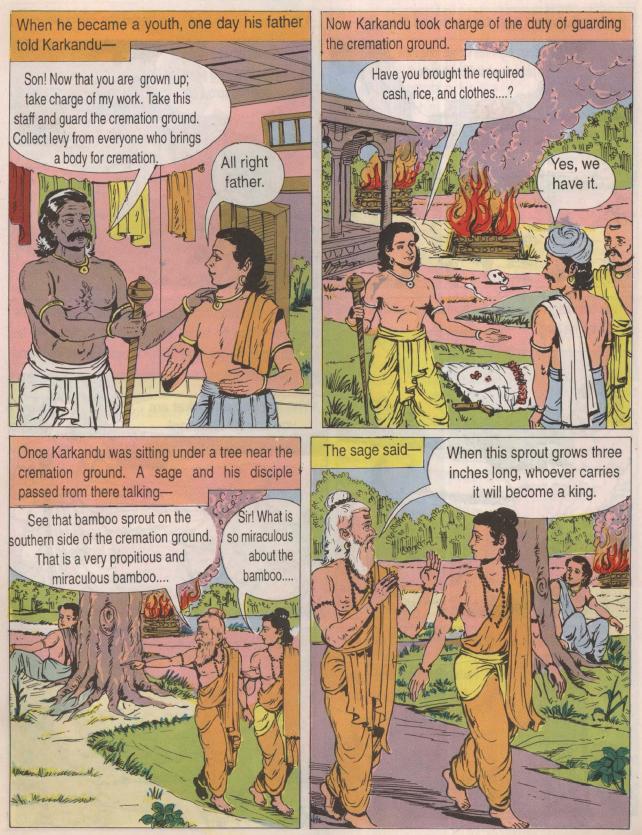
In the morning Yamdand, the watchman of the cremation ground passed that way. He saw something wrapped in a costly blanket lying under a tree. He rushed nearer. When he heard an infant crying he jumped with joy—

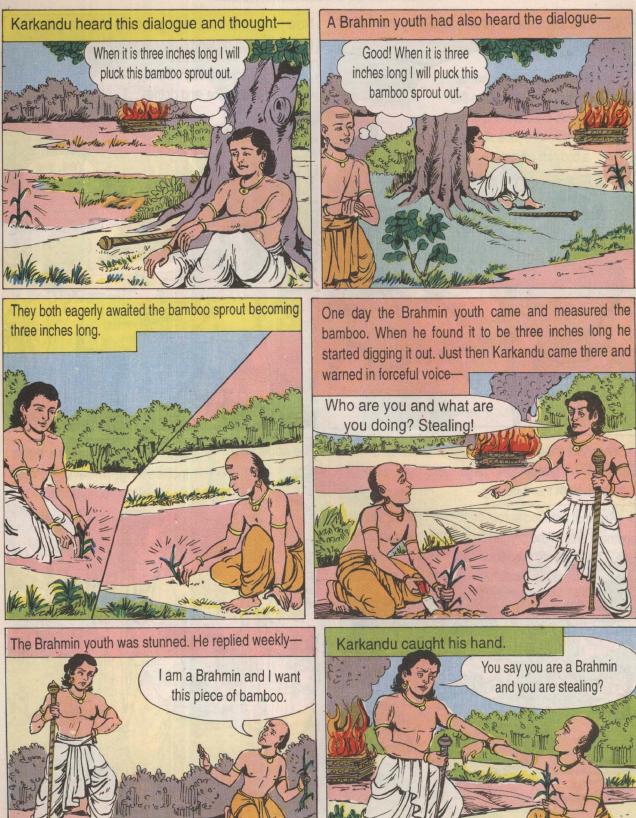


Ja# Formal initiation into the ascetic order.



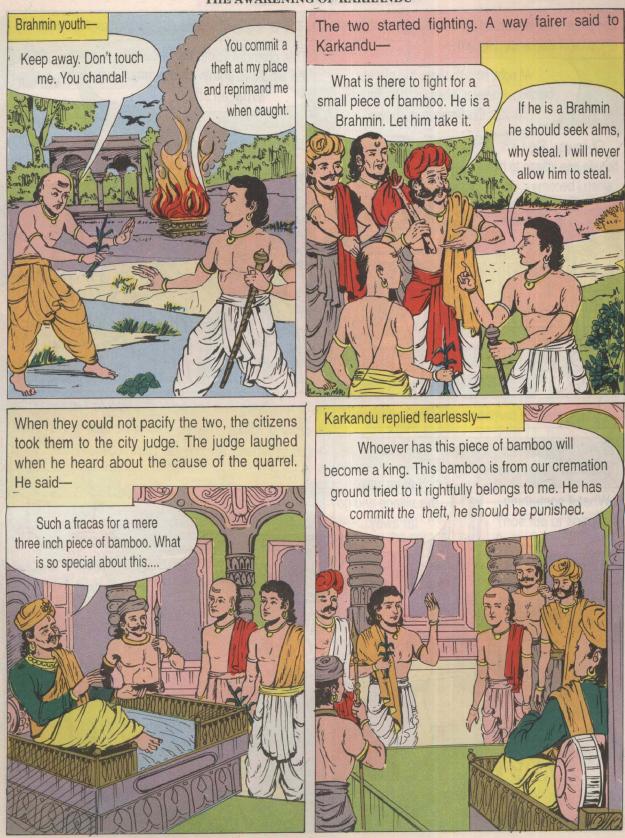
A popular game of rural India. ## One who keeps on scratching with his hands.

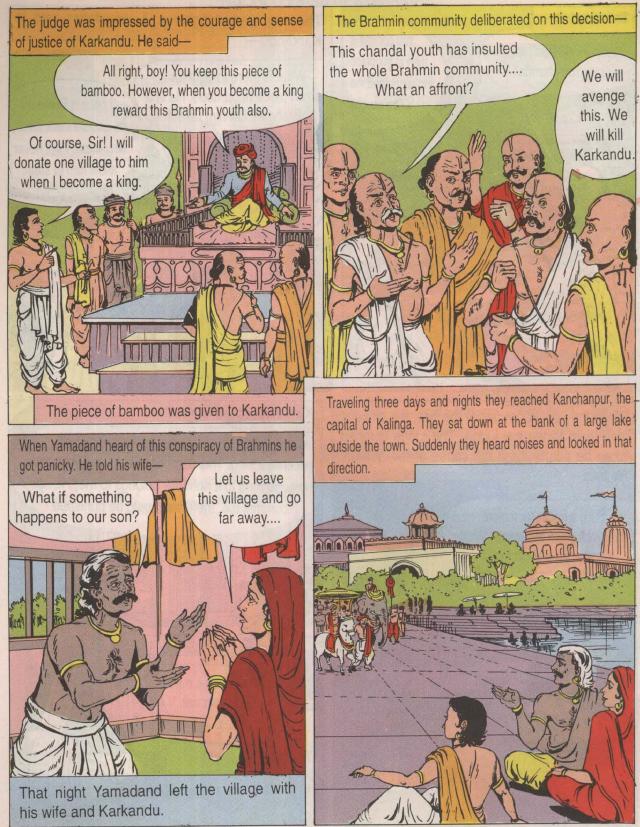




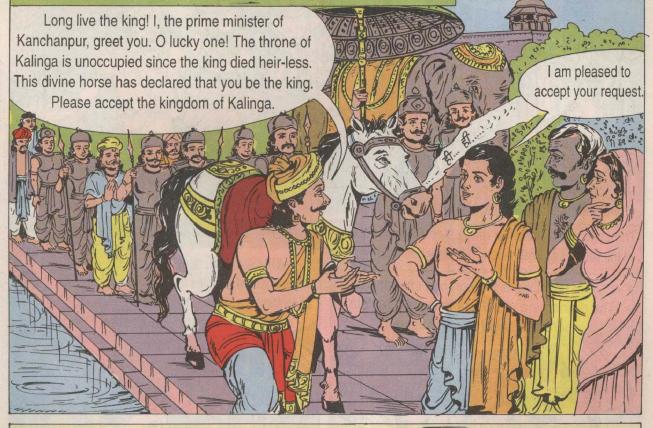
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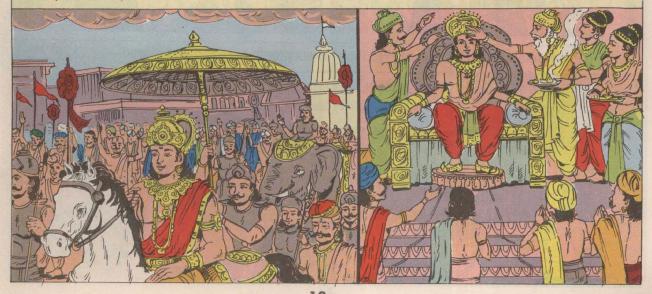




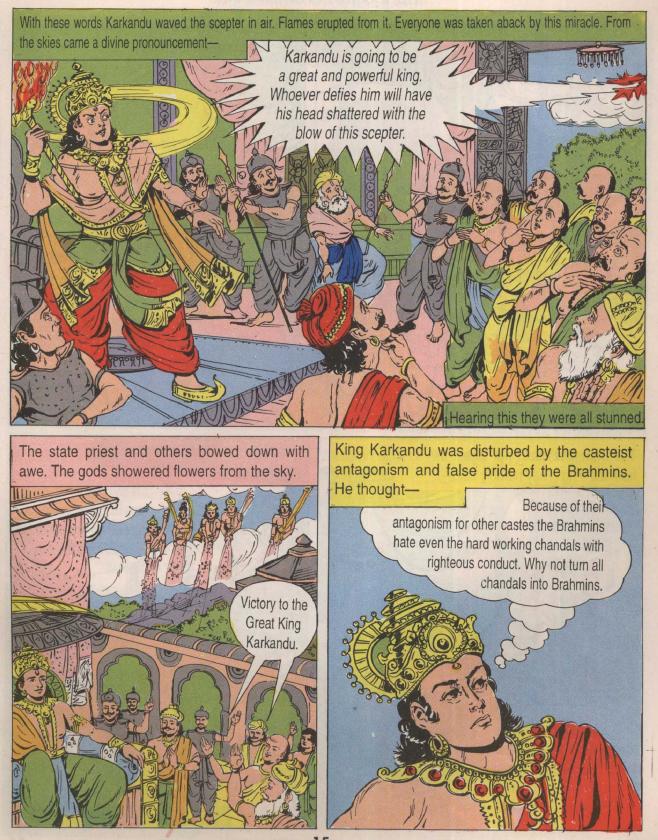
They saw a decorated horse with a regal umbrella coming towards them. It was followed by numerous other decorated horses and elephants. The horse came straight where they were sitting. It stopped in front of Karkandu and whinnied loudly. Hundreds of soldiers surrounded Karkandu. An prominent person came ahead—

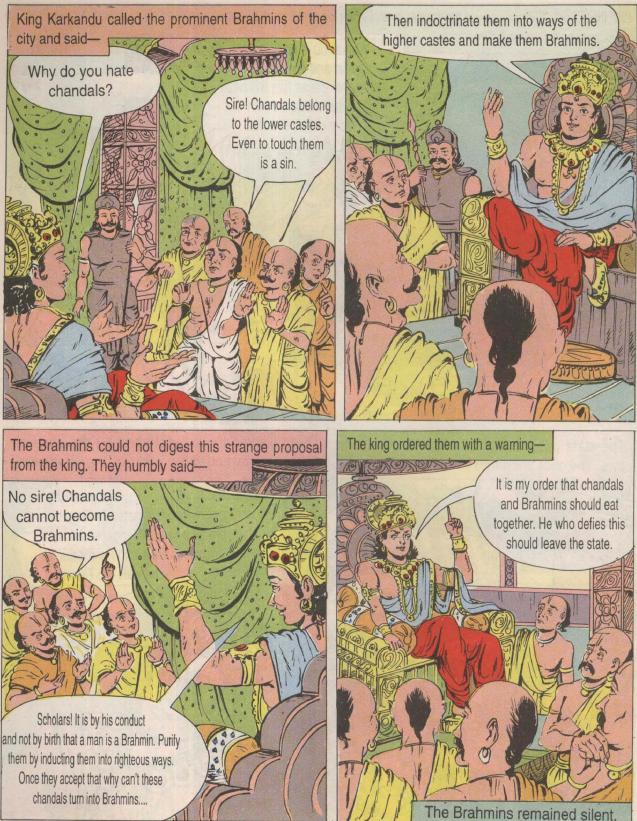


Members of the royal staff adorned Karkandu with the regalia. The crown was put on his head. They came to the palace in a procession with him riding the divine horse. There the coronation rituals were performed.

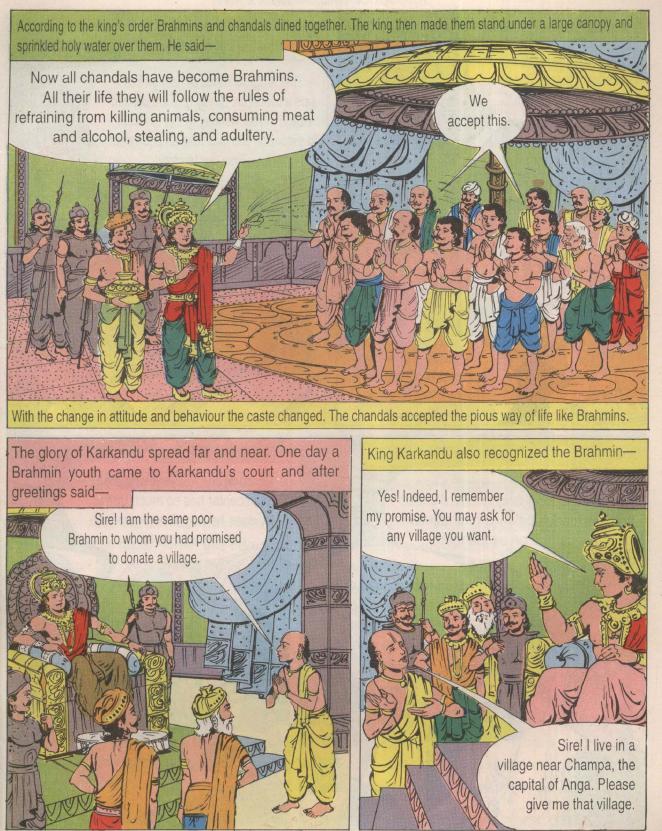








Note : A child becomes Brahmin only after the thread-ceremony that is why he is called a Dvij or twice born.



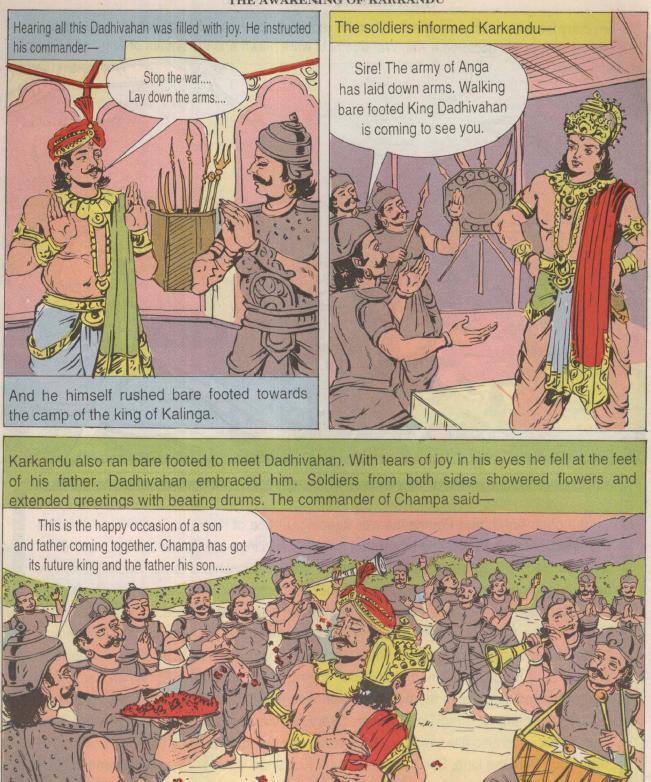


THE AWARER GROFT ARKANDU

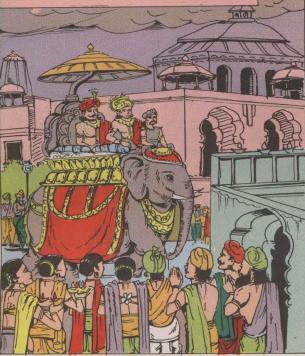
The emissary left without any comment. When he reported the words of Dadhivahan to Karkandu the king lost his temper. He declared a war. War trumpets were blown and the armies of Anga and Kalinga started a fierce war.

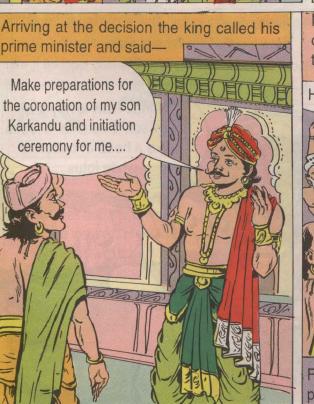


On the other hand, nun Padmavati was keeping a trace of Karkandu's activities since he had fled Dantapur. When she heard that Anga and Kalinga are at war against each other she trembled with apprehension. Unaware of their relationship a father and his son had become enemies. Padmavati approached her preceptor and after telling the whole story said, "Because of ignorance thousands of men are being slaughtered.... if you allow me I can convince them to stop this war." The preceptor gave her permission. Padmavati came to the battle field and told the story of her past and his birth to Karkandu. She added, "Son! King Dadhivahan is not your enemy. He is your father...." When Yamadand also confirmed this, Karkandu was filled with love for his real father. After this Padmavati went to the camp of King Dadhivahan. Everyone there was surprised to see her. King Dadhivahan was also filled with joy. Padmavati told her story starting from the point of her separation from the king. She informed, "Sire! Karkandu is your own blood. Why this war?"



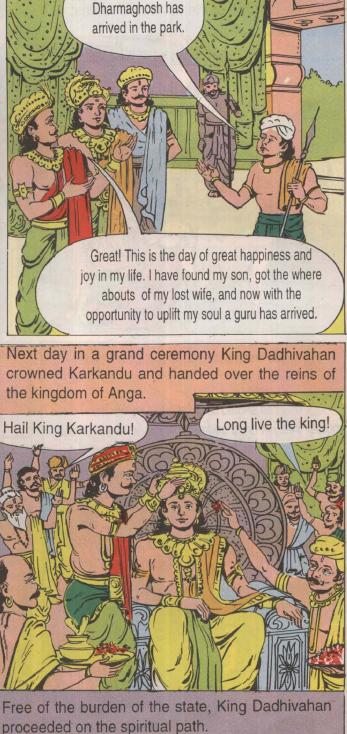
The father and the son sat on the same elephant and entered Champa. Every house in Champa lit lamps with butter and ladies sang auspicious songs.



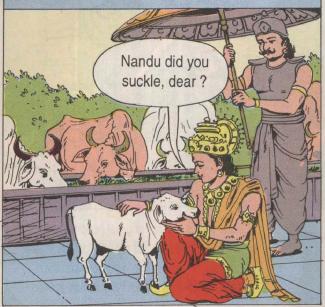


With pomp and show the two entered the palace. The guard of the royal garden came and informed

Sire! Acharya



Karkandu was now the sovereign of the large territories of Anga and Kalinga. He was very fond of cows. In his byre there were thousands of cows. He himself went around the byre and took loving care of the cows and calves.

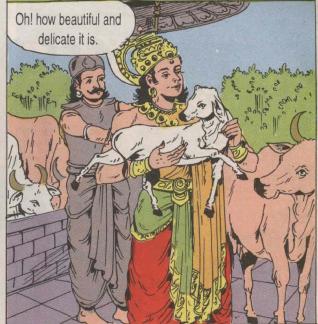


He gave instructions to the cowherds-

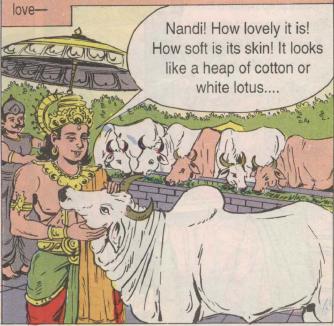
This calf should be allowed to suckle its mother freely. If need be feed extra milk as well. Make arrangements to take extra care of this calf.



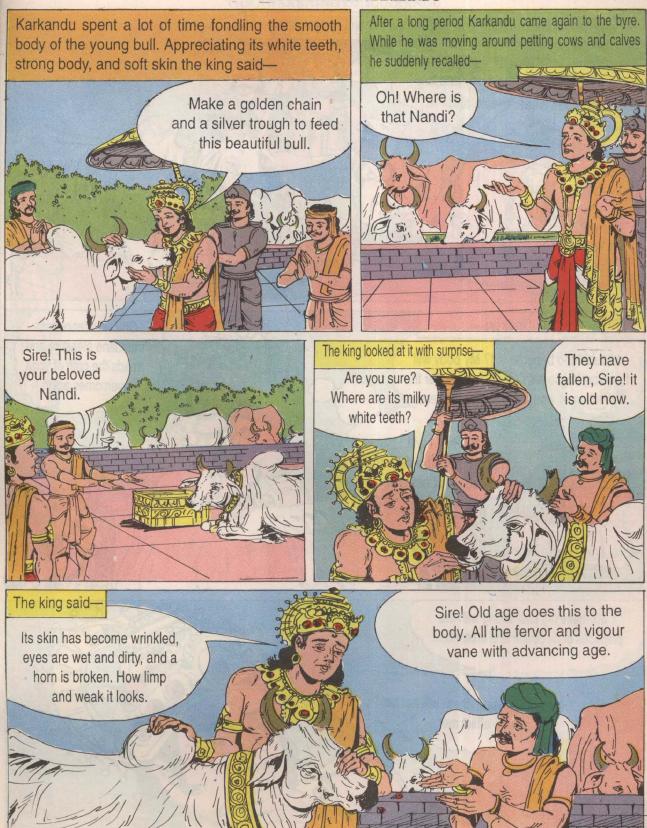
One day while going around the byre he saw a new born calf. His heart went out to it. He picked it up in his hands and fondled and kissed it like a human baby—



The chosen calf was looked after according to the king's wish. A few months later the king again came to the byre. The calf was now a young bull. The king touched it with



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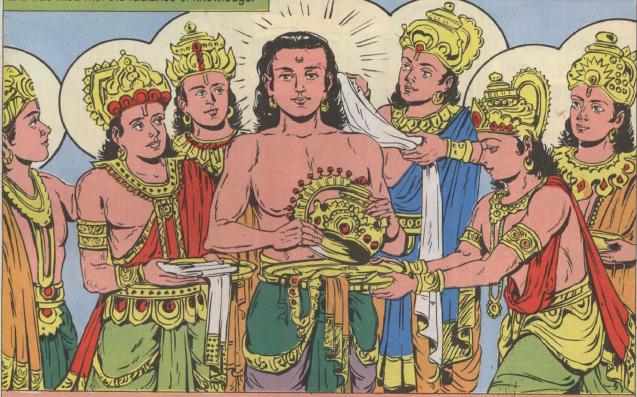


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Thinking thus about the self Karkandu, the king of Kalinga, got enlightenment instantaneously. His soul awakened and was filled with the radiance of knowledge.



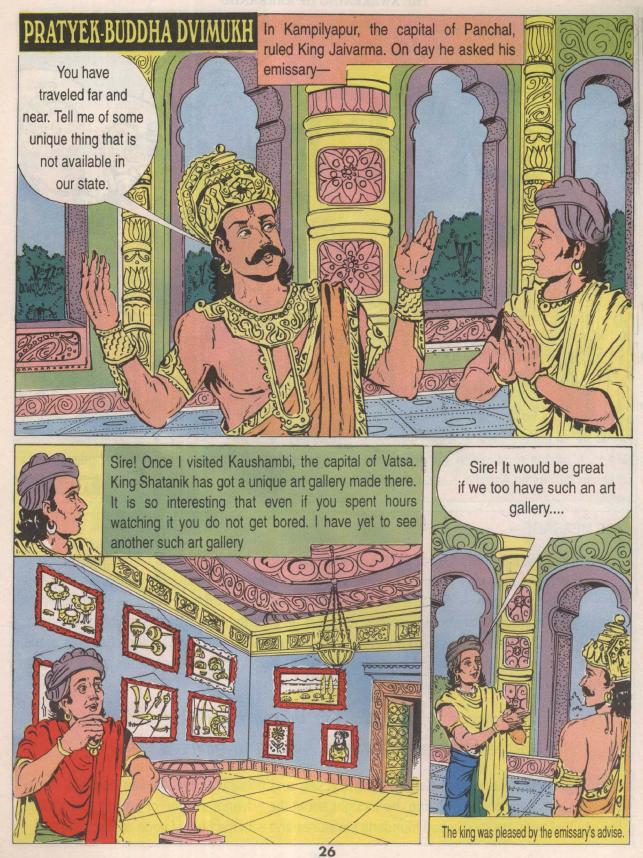
He took off his regal attire and prepared for renouncing. At that moment gods appeared and dressed him as an ascetic. Karkandu became a Pratyek-buddha.

THE MESSAGE—

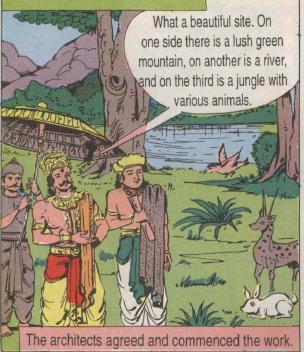
This story of the life of Pratyek-buddha Karkandu teaches us that in troubled times patience and courage are the biggest assets of a man. • One who has faith in his own power and luck is never afraid of anyone. • Greatness lies in attitude and action not in caste. • With purity of attitude and conduct a chandal becomes as pious as a Brahmin. • The body, youth, strength, etc. are all short lived. One should observe discipline and austerities and under take other pious activities before the age makes the body feeble and weak. In the Jain scriptures there is verse about Pratyek Buddha Karkandu—

सेयं सुजायं सुविभत्तसिंगं, जो पासिया वसहं गोड मन्झे, रिद्धि-अरिद्धि समुपेहियाणं कलिंगराया पि समिक्ख धम्मं।

Meaning—When the king of Kalinga saw a young and healthy white bull with beautiful horns turn weak and disabled by ageing, he thought about the adverse effects of ageing and took to the spiritual path. He renounced mundane pleasures and with the help of yoga realized the self.



Soon the king invited famous architects and artists from distant lands and selected a spot—

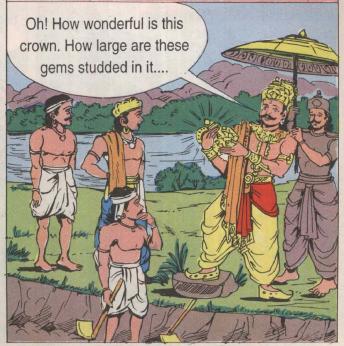


When the king placed the crown on his head there appeared the reflection of his face in the closely set gems. His minister exclaimed—

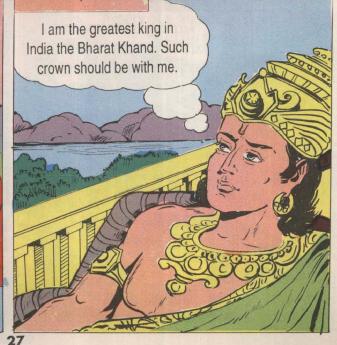
Great, Sire! It is a divine crown. Your face is clearly reflected in the gems studded in this crown. It seems that you have two faces, not just one, Sire!

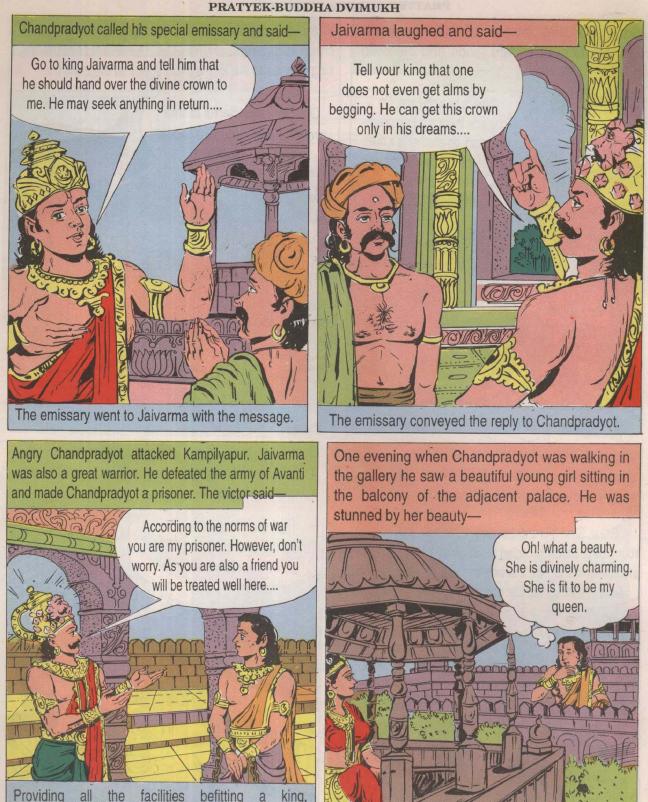
With passage of time the king got known as Dvimukh (two faced).

While digging, the workers found a glittering golden crown in some ancient remains. The architect ran to the king with it and the king looked agape at the crown.



Once Chandpradyot, the king of Avanti heard about the divine crown from some caravaneer. He was filled with a desire to possess it





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befitting

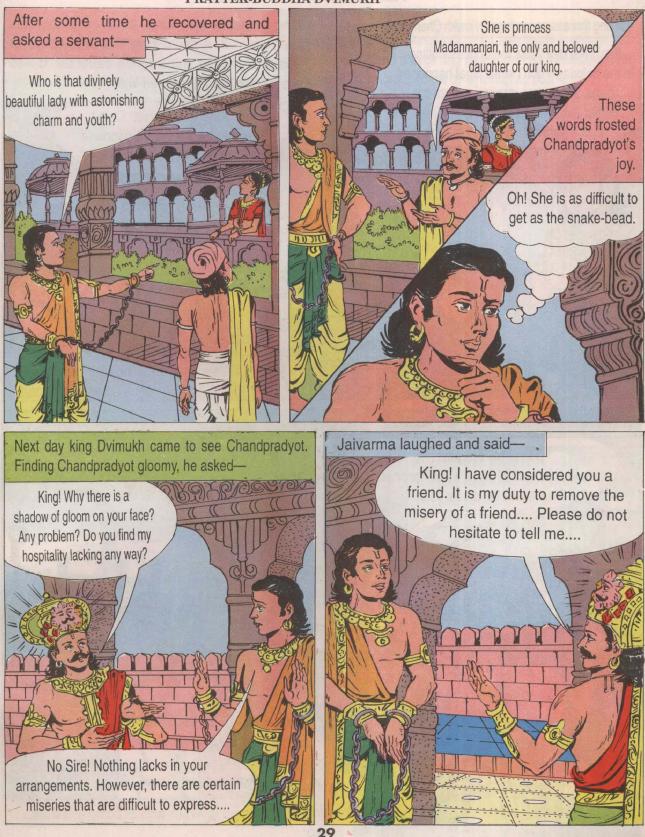
Chandpradyot was put under detention in a palace.

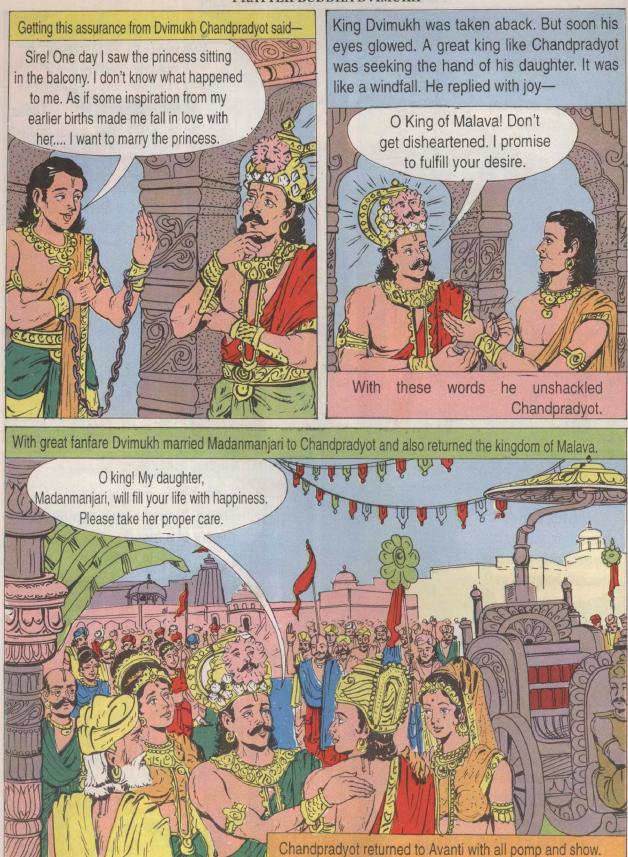
a

king.

Providing

Dazed Chandpradyot continued to stare at her.



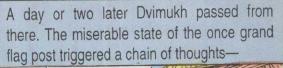


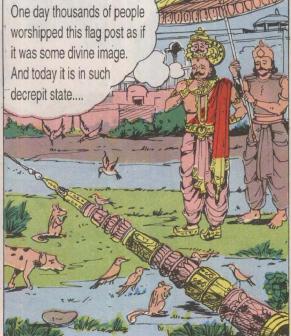
A few days later the Indra festival was celebrated in Kampilyapur. Many great kings including Chandpradyot were invited. At the main square a huge flag-post with colourful small silken flags and a large flag post known as Indra-dhwaj was erected. On the full moon day the king, his ministers and commanders worshiped the ceremonial flag post—

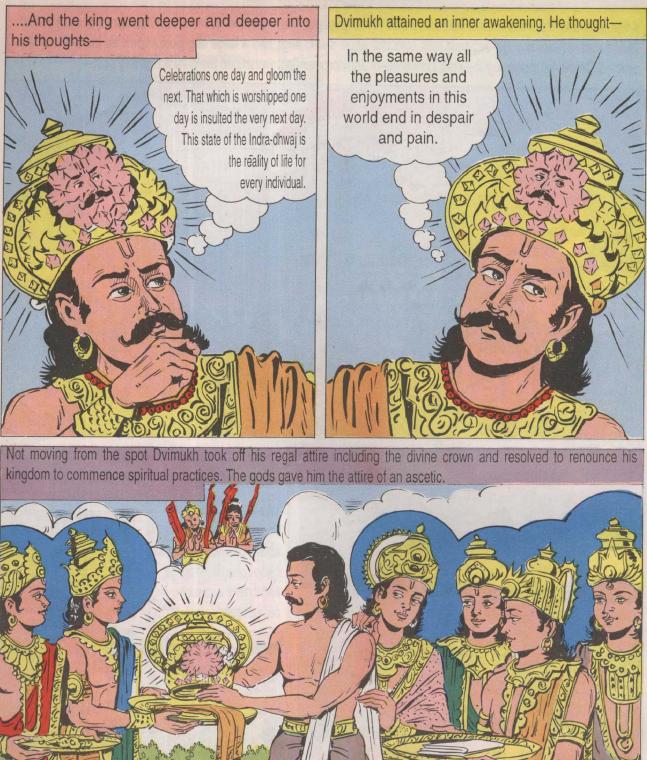




After the ceremony the guests returned. The costly decorations on the flag post were removed. Deserted by the pulsating and celebrating crowds the square became desolate. The flag-post fell on the ground. Dogs and other street animals defecated near it and a stink filled the atmosphere.







King Dvimukh renounced the ephemeral mundane pleasures and commenced spiritual practices. He had become a Pratyek-buddha.

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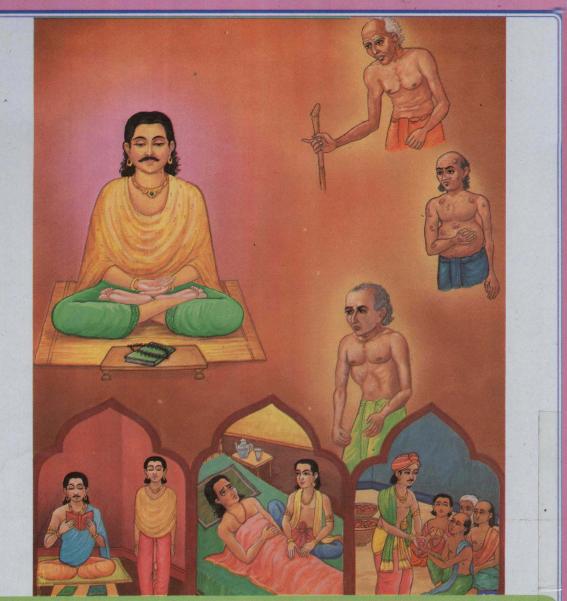
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FOLLOW THE CODE OF CONDUCT AS LONG AS...

Addressing one with a desire to follow the spiritual path, it is stated : Follow the code of conduct as long as age does not atrophy the body, disease does not weaken or emaciate the body, and the sense organs like eyes, ears, nose and limbs are not disabled. In other words—engage in study, meditation, service to others, charity and other such good deeds without any delay.

Dasavaikalika Sutra (Chapter 8, verse 35)